

1. Product and Company Identification

Product identifier	Duracoil (4083-90)
Other means of identification	Not available.
Recommended use	Coil and surface protectant
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer information	Nu-Calgon 2611 Schuetz Road St. Louis, MO 63043 US Phone: 314-469-7000 / 800-554-5499 Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
Supplier	Not available.

2. Hazards Identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
WHMIS 2015 defined hazards	Not classified	
Label elements		



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Do not breathe gas. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see information on this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HHNOC)	None known
WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)	None known
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Mixture

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetone		67-64-1	10-30
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling		68410-97-9	10-30
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	10-30
Propane		74-98-6	10-30
Butane		106-97-8	5-10
Ferric oxide		1309-37-1	5-10
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic		64742-89-8	5-10
Stoddard solvent		8052-41-3	1-5
Xylene		1330-20-7	1-5
Benzene, ethyl-		100-41-4	0.1-1
Crystalline silica		14808-60-7	0.1-1
Toluene		108-88-3	0.1-1

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments US GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Specific treatment (see information on this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. Treat patient symptomatically.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.
Hazardous combustion products	May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 1 Aerosol. Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	Mist.
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m ³	Fume.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm	
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m ³ 500 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m ³ 100 ppm	

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m ³	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m ³	
		250 ppm	
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m ³	
		125 ppm	
		435 mg/m ³ 100 ppm	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m ³ 800 ppm	
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3 150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3 100 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/L	Acetone	Urine	*
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/L	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/L	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Confirm with a reputable supplier first.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. As required by employer code.

Respiratory protection

Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Clear

Physical state	Gas.
Form	Aerosol. Spray
Color	Rust
Odor	Characteristic
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Pour point	Not available.
Specific gravity	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flame extension	Aerosol Category 1
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	This product may react with strong oxidizing agents.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens. Fluorine. Chlorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

11. Toxicological Information

Routes of exposure	Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.
Information on likely routes of exposure	
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.

Components

Species

Test Results

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50

Rabbit

15800 mg/kg

20 ml/kg

Inhalation

LC50

Mouse

44000 mg/m³/4H

Rat

76 mg/L, 4 Hours

50.1 mg/L, 8 Hours

39 mg/l/4h

Oral

LD50

Human

2857 mg/kg

Mouse

3000 mg/kg

Rabbit

5340 mg/kg

Rat

5800 mg/kg

Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50

Rabbit

15380 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50

Rat

4000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50

Rat

5460 mg/kg

3500 mg/kg

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50

Mouse

680 mg/L, 2 Hours

Rat

276000 ppm, 4 Hours

658 mg/l/4h

Oral

LD50

Not available

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50

Not available

Oral

LD50

Rat

500 mg/kg

Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50

Not available

Oral

LD50

Not available

Components	Species	Test Results
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Not available	
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	3160 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	20 ppm 20 mg/l/4h
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5000 mg/kg
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 1442.8 mg/L, 15 Minutes
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	1400 mg/l/4h
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5000 mg/kg
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 5500 mg/m3
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	12196 mg/kg 12125 mg/kg 8390 mg/kg 14.1 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	7100 mg/L, 4 Hours 5320 ppm, 8 Hours 400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours <= 28800 mg/m ³ , 4 Hours 12200 ppm, 2 Hours 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
		12.5 mg/l/4h
Oral LD50	Rat	> 5580 mg/kg 636 mg/kg
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	>= 1700 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	3907 ppm, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 ppm, 4 Hours 29.1 mg/L, 4 Hours 27.6 mg/L, 4 Hours 21.7 mg/L, 4 Hours
Oral LD50	Mouse	5251 mL/kg 1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Exposure minutes	Not available.	
Erythema value	Not available.	
Oedema value	Not available.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Corneal opacity value	Not available.	
Iris lesion value	Not available.	
Conjunctival reddening value	Not available.	
Conjunctival oedema value	Not available.	
Recover days	Not available.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.	
Carcinogenicity	See below.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	Volume 77 - 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	Volume 68, Volume 100C 1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	Volume 1, Supplement 7 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Volume 47 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Volume 47, Volume 71 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Volume 47, Volume 71 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)		
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)		
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		
US NTP Report on Carcinogens: Known carcinogen		
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	

Teratogenicity	Toluene (benzene, methyl-) has caused fetotoxicity (reduced fetal weight), behavioural effects (effects on learning and memory) and hearing loss (in males). These effects have been observed in the offspring of rats exposed by inhalation to 1200 or 1800 ppm toluene. These effects were observed in the absence of maternal toxicity. Xylene is considered fetotoxic in humans, based on observations of reduced fetal weight, delayed ossification and persistent behavioural effects in animal studies in the absence of maternal toxicity.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity See below

Ecotoxicological data

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	13999 mg/L, 48 Hours
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/L, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/L, 96 hours
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)			
Algae	IC50	Algae	4.6 mg/L, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	2.1 mg/L, 48 Hours
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/L, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/L, 96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)			
Algae	IC50	Algae	4700 mg/L, 72 Hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Algae	IC50	Algae	433 mg/L, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	7.645 mg/L, 48 Hours
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/L, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon, silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/L, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/L, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

Mobility in general

No data available.
Not available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport Information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification

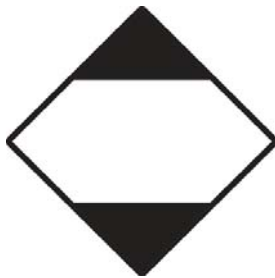
In accordance with Part 2.2.1 (SOR/2014-152) of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, we certify that the classification of this product is correct as of the SDS date of issue.

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)**Basic shipping requirements:**

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Hazard class	Limited Quantity - US
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	<1L - Limited Quantity
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)**Basic shipping requirements:**

UN number	UN1950
Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
Hazard class	Limited Quantity - Canada
Special provisions	80, 107
Packaging exceptions	<1L - Limited Quantity

DOT; TDG

15. Regulatory Information

Canadian federal regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Listed substance/Identification Number

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.
Solvent naptha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)	Listed.
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Class B
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Class B

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions

Not applicable

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.

Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Xylene	1330-20-7	1-5
Benzene, ethyl-	100-41-4	0.1-1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Low priority

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

US state regulations See below

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed.
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4) Listed.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed.
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9) Listed.
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) Listed.
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

US - Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed.
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4) Listed.

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
US - Michigan Critical Materials Register: Parameter number	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TOLUENE
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	XYLENE (ALL ISOMERS)
US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed.
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	Listed.
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	Listed.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
US - North Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants: Listed substance	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
US - Texas Effects Screening Levels Hazard Data: Simple asphyxiant	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	
US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	Listed.
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed.
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	Listed.
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	Listed.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	Listed.
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	Listed.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic (CAS 64742-89-8)	Listed.
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.
US - Washington Chemical of High Concern to Children: Listed substance	
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	
Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)	
Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)	
Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act	
Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7)

Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (CAS 68410-97-9)

Ferric oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: February 27, 1987

Benzene, ethyl- (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

Crystalline silica (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

Inventory status

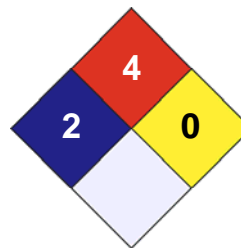
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other Information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0

HEALTH	* 2
FLAMMABILITY	4
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	X



Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained in this document.

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01

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Prepared by

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Other information

For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the document.