SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Food Grade Silicone Spray (4084-03) **Product identifier**

Other means of identification Not available. Recommended use Silicone spray Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Nu-Calgon

Address 2611 Schuetz Road

St. Louis, MO 63043

United States

Telephone 314-469-7000 / 800-554-5499

Not available. E-mail

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) **Emergency phone number**

Supplier See above.

2. Hazard identification

Flammable aerosols Category 1 Physical hazards

> Liquefied gas Gases under pressure Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified. Not classified WHMIS 2015 defined hazards

Label elements

Health hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if

swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see information on this label). If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a

well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Dispose of container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

(HHNOC)

None known

WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)

None known

#27951 Page: 1 of 12 Issue date 22-April-2020 4084-03 (Canada/US GHS) Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

None known.

None.

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Mixture			
Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%	
	67-64-1	45-70*	
	124-38-9	1-5*	
	142-82-5	0.1-1*	
	64742-49-0	7-13*	
	68476-86-8	5-10*	
	63148-62-9	5-10*	
	Common name and synonyms	67-64-1 124-38-9 142-82-5 64742-49-0 68476-86-8	

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments

*CANADA GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

US GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see information on this label). Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

Eye contact and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Not available.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

Hazardous combustion products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

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6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Should not be released into the environment. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. When using do not eat or drink.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Keep out of reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3 750 ppm	
	TWA	1200 mg/m3 500 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	2050 mg/m3 500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3 400 ppm	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	1590 mg/m3	
,		400 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Safety Regulation 296/97, as ame Components	Туре	Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	15000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 21 Components	7/2006, The Workplace Safety A	nd Health Act) Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	250 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control o	of Exposure to Biological or Che Type	mical Agents) Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	
receive (erte er er 1)	TWA	250 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
,	TWA	5000 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry Components	of Labor - Regulation respecting	occupational health and safety) Value	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
		'''	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3 500 ppm	
	TWA STEL	1190 mg/m3 500 ppm 54000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
		500 ppm 54000 mg/m3	
124-38-9)	STEL	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3	
124-38-9)	STEL	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3	
124-38-9) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	STEL TWA STEL	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3	
124-38-9) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	STEL TWA STEL TWA	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3 400 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Oc	STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Oc Components	STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA TWA Ccupational Health and Safety Re	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3	
124-38-9) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Oc Components	STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA TWA Ccupational Health and Safety Re	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3 400 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Oc Components Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS	STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA TWA Ccupational Health and Safety Retype 15 minute	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3 400 ppm 750 ppm	
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Oc Components Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS	STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA TWA Ccupational Health and Safety Recupational Health and Safety Recupation Health Accupation Health Health Accupation Health Accupation Health Accupation Health Health Accupat	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3 400 ppm 750 ppm 500 ppm	
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Octomponents) Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL TWA STEL TWA TWA Ccupational Health and Safety Recupational Health and Safety Recupation Health Advanced Health Health Advanced Health Advanced Health Health Health Health	500 ppm 54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2050 mg/m3 500 ppm 1640 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3 400 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm 500 ppm	

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	15 minute	500 ppm
•	8 hour	400 ppm
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Ai Components	r Contaminants (29 CFR 1910 Type	0.1000) Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3
		5000 ppm
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	PEL	2000 mg/m3 500 ppm
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	PEL	400 mg/m3
64742-49-0)		100 ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value Components	es Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	250 ppm
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm
	TWA	5000 ppm
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm
	TWA	400 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che Components	mical Hazards Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3
	T14/4	30000 ppm
	TWA	9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm
Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3 440 ppm
	TWA	350 mg/m3 85 ppm
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	400 mg/m3
,		100 ppm
ogical limit values		
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indic Components Value	es Determinant	Specimen Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 25 mg/	L Acetone	Urine *
	the source document.	

or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Neoprene. Nitrile. Confirm with a reputable supplier first. Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. As required by employer code.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Where exposure guideline

levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator.

Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134),

CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear Liquid Gas. **Physical state**

Aerosol **Form** Color Colorless Odor Pungent Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

Not available. Pour point Not available. Specific gravity Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. Flash point Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available. Solubility(ies) Not available. Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

6.30497 lb/gal Density **Explosive properties** Not explosive. Not oxidizing. Oxidizing properties

VOC VOC Actual (g/l): 207.01350 g/l

Density VOC: 1.72756 lb/gal

% VOC: 27.39999

10. Stability and reactivity

This product may react with strong oxidizing agents. Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Conditions to avoid Heat. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials
Hazardous decomposition
products

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Caustics. May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

11. Toxicological information

Routes of exposure Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Components

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing,

Test Results

> 5000 mg/kg, ECHA

redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects.

Species

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) **Acute** Dermal Rabbit LD50 > 15800 mg/kg, Health Canada (HSA) Inhalation LC50 Rat 76 mg/l/4h, Health Canada (HSA) Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg, Health Canada (HSA) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Not available Inhalation LC50 Not available Oral LD50 Not available Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, HCHA Inhalation LC50 Rat > 73.5 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA > 29.3 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA 103 mg/L, 4 Hours, HSDB

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

Rat

Acute

Oral LD50

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 5610 mg/m3, 4 Hours, ECHA

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg, ECHA

Components Species Test Results

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened (CAS 68476-86-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Not available

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 1442738 mg/m3, 10 Minutes, ECHA

1443 mg/L, 10 Minutes, ECHA

Oral

LD50 Not available Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl- (CAS 63148-62-9)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, European Centre for

Ecotoxicology and Toxicology of Chemicals

2000 - 32000 mg/kg, CCOHS

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 11.6 mg/l/4h, CCOHS

Oral

LD50 Rat > 17000 mg/kg, RTECS

> 4800 mg/kg, European Centre for

Ecotoxicology and Toxicology of Chemicals

2000 - 48600 mg/kg, CCOHS

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Exposure minutesNot available.Erythema valueNot available.Oedema valueNot available.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Corneal opacity value Not available.

Iris lesion value Not available.

Conjunctival reddening Not available.

value

Conjunctival oedema value Not available.

Recover days Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity See below.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Teratogenicity Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity See below

Ecotoxicological data Components **Species Test Results** Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Crustacea EC50 Daphnia 13999 mg/L, 48 Hours Aquatic EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 10294 - 17704 mg/L, 48 hours Crustacea Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 4740 - 6330 mg/L, 96 hours (Oncorhynchus mykiss) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Aquatic LC50 Fish Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia 375 mg/L, 96 hours mossambica) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) Aquatic Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex) 2.7 - 5.1 mg/L, 48 hours Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 8.8 mg/L, 96 hours (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 8.8 mg/L, 96 hours Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl- (CAS 63148-62-9) Aquatic Fish LC50 Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus) 2.36 - 4.15 mg/L, 96 hours No data is available on the degradability of this product. Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil No data available.

Not available Mobility in general

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation Other adverse effects

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification

Classification Method: Classified as per Part 2, Sections 2.1 - 2.8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, the technical name and the classification of the

product will appear below.

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. General

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN1950 UN number

Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity) Proper shipping name

Limited Quantity - US **Hazard class**

Special provisions N82 306 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk None

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1950

AEROSOLS, flammable Proper shipping name

Hazard class Limited Quantity - Canada

80, 107

Special provisions

IATA/ICAO (Air)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Hazard class 2.1 ERG code 10L

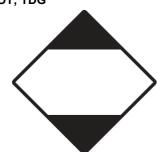
IMDG (Marine Transport)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1950
Proper shipping name AEROSOLS

Hazard class 2.1
Marine pollutant Yes

DOT; TDG



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

Canadian federal regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada CEPA Schedule I: Listed substance

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Listed.

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened (CAS

Listed.

68476-86-8)

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Mass reporting threshold/Identification Number

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) 1 TONNES Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 1 TONNES

64742-49-0)

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Precursor Control Regulations

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Class B

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions Not applicable

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Yes

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely No

hazardous substance

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

categories Gas under pressure

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

US state regulations See below

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

64742-49-0)

US - Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) Listed.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS

Listed.

64742-49-0)

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels Hazard Data: Simple asphyxiant

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened (CAS 68476-86-8)

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

Listed.

64742-49-0)

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened (CAS Listed.

68476-86-8)

Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl- (CAS Listed.

63148-62-9)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

US. California Proposition 65

Not Listed.

Inventory status

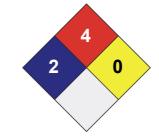
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0





Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained

in this document.

Issue date 22-April-2020

Version # 02

Effective date 22-April-2020

Prepared by Nu-Calgon Technical Service Phone: (314) 469-7000

Further information Not available.

Other information For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the

document.